Complete this form:	Patient Stamp Here:			Version 5/28/20	o4 Form
* Prior to reviewing CT or skull x-ray (if obtained)	r attorit Otamp Horo.			FD	Data Blun
Data Source: faculty physician, fellow or resident physician, NP or PA with faculty					matic Brair
oversight	If no patient stamp:				Injury (TBI
Patient Study ID Number	Patient Name:			_ _	Page 1 of
	MR #:			☐ Guardian	
Site ID # Study ID #				•	follow-up call.
Faculty physician, fellow, or resident physician sheet:	, NP or PA completing data	Certifications of oversight (circle		ysician completing form	or providing
(Please print name) Circle One: NP PA	resident fellow faculty	Emerg Med	Peds Peds EM	Internal Medicine	Fam Med Other
*If resident physician, NP or	PA is completing o	data sheet,	faculty revie	ew and signatur	e required.
Faculty signature:		, and the second	-		
PLEASE COMPLETE DATA	SHEET PRIOR TO	O REVIEW	ING CT OR	SKULL X-RAY	(IF OBTAINED)
Inclusion Criteria					
All patients with blunt head traun	na above the evebro	OWS (not isolat	ed to face or eve	s) who do not me	et any of the
exclusion criteria below.		(-,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
NOTE: Patients without history of he			physical exan	n has evidence of l	head trauma and
the history is unclear - e.g. hematon	na in baby, without exp	planation.			
Exclusion Criteria				- 11	- la (a. fa
If you answer "YES" to an	•	-	-	-	
Age <u>></u> 18 years?				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
> 24 hours since the trauma?					
Brain tumor?				•	
Penetrating head trauma (e.g. gunshot				lo If yes , Patient E	excluded / STOP
Pre-existing neurological disease that s neuro exam (e.g. cerebral palsy with de				lo If yes , Patient E	Sycluded / STOP
Syncope or seizure <i>preceded</i> (led to) h				No If yes , Patient E	
Patient transferred to ED with skull film				lo If yes, Patient E	
Substantial language barrier (i.e. only if a		•		lo If yes , Patient E	
Does patient meet BOTH criteria I AND				•	
Trivial head injury is defined as				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Criteria I	<u></u>				
Sitting, standing, walking or runnin	a at around level, then	falling and hitti	ing head agains	st a stationary objec	t or on around.
AND	g at ground to tol, then	9			. o. o g. oaa.
Criteria II					
a) No signs or symptoms of head t	rauma or				
b) Presence of a scalp laceration of					
Examples of trivial head injury (I	Patient Excluded)				
1. Child runs into edge of table and ha	s a scalp laceration but	no other sym	ptoms or signs	(meets criteria I and c	riteria II)
2. Child who falls from standing and hi	ts head on ground, and	l has no sympt	toms or signs (ı	neets criteria I and cri	teria II)
Examples of non-trivial injury (P	atient Included)				
1. Any fall from a height (e.g. falling from	a chair, stroller, or bed) and	child hit head,	even if no sym	ptoms or signs (doe	sn't meet criteria I)
2. Any motor vehicle accident in which	patient hit head, even	if no symptom	s or signs (does	n't meet criteria I)	
3. Child with a hematoma after any me	echanism of head injury	(doesn't meet o	criteria II)		
4. Child with headache or vomiting after	er any mechanism of he	ead injury (doe	sn't meet criteria	II)	
5. 3 month old who hits head by any n	•			·	
NOTE: IF YOU ARE UNSUR	E IF IT IS A TRIVIA	L HEAD IN	JURY OR IF	YOU HAVE AN	Y PATIENT
	REGARDING THE				

 ${\tt EVEN\,IF\,PATIENT\,EXCLUDED,\,PLACE\,THIS\,DATA\,FORM\,IN\,ED\,LOCK\,BOX\,WITH\,ONLY\,THE\,COVER\,SHEET\,COMPLETED.}\\$

Version	5/2	8/2	004
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Patient Study ID Number						
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<u>For</u>	<u>m</u>	1
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Page 2 of 6 . Historv 1. Injury Mechanism (select only one mechanism total, from either left or right column of choices): ☐ Occupant in motor vehicle collision (MVC) ☐ Fall to ground from standing/walking/running (e.g. by slipping, tripping or stumbling) ▶ (check all that apply) ☐ Ejected from automobile Walked or ran into stationary object (e.g. door, cabinet) Rollover Death in same collision ☐ Fall from an elevation Speed of patient's vehicle? ☐ Speed < 60 mph</p> Speed > 60 mph Speed unknown 3-5 ft ☐ 6-10 ft Was the patient restrained? Yes □ No $\square > 10 \text{ ft}$ Unknown Unknown Pedestrian struck by moving vehicle ☐ Fall down stairs ☐ Automobile ☐ 5 or less → (Est. # of stairs) Motorcycle □ 6-15 **Bicycle** □ > 15 Other (describe): ☐ Unknown (Speed of moving vehicle) 0-5 mph (patient bumped) ☐ Sports → Describe $\square > 5 \text{ mph}$ ☐ Unknown ➤ Was a helmet worn? Yes ☐ Bike rider struck by automobile П No ➤ Was a helmet worn?
Yes ☐ Unknown ПΝο ☐ Assault ☐ Unknown (check all that apply) Blunt object ☐ Bike collision or fall from bike while riding ☐ Fist/feet blow to head ➤ Was a helmet worn? ☐ Unknown Other (describe): ☐ Unknown Object struck head - accidental (describe): ☐ Other wheeled transport crash ☐ Unknown mechanism ■ Non-Motorized (describe):_ ► Was a helmet worn? Yes □ No Unknown Other mechanism (describe): Pt. preverbal 2. Does the patient have amnesia for the event? ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unknown Pt. nonverbal (too young to (physically unable describe) to speak) 3. History of loss of consciousness (LOC)? ☐ Yes → answer 3a and 3b Suspected (but not sure) → answer 3a and 3b ☐ Unknown ☐ EMT report ☐ Witness ☐ Unknown Other (describe): 3b. If history of LOC, duration of LOC: □ < 5 sec ☐ 1-5 min $\square > 5 \text{ min}$ ☐ Unknown □ 5 sec - < 1 min
</p> 4. Post-traumatic seizure? □ No Yes — answer 4a, 4b and 4c □ Unknown 4a. History of chronic seizure disorder? ПΝο ☐ Yes Unknown 4b. If post-traumatic seizure: Immediately on contact Within 30 min of injury > 30 min after injury Unknown

☐ 1 - < 5 min

☐ 5 -15 min

□ No

□ > 15 min

Yes

Unknown

☐ Unknown

4c. If post-traumatic seizure, duration was: ☐ < 1 min

5. Does parent think child is acting normally / like themself?

Version 5/28/2004 Form 1 Patient Study ID Number **ED** Data Blunt TBI Site ID # Study ID # Page 3 of 6 ☐ Unknown 6. History of coagulopathy? ☐ No Yes — answer 6a 6a. If coagulopathy (check all that apply): ☐ Hemophilia ☐ Platelet disorder ☐ Anticoag therapy ☐ Von Willebrand Unknown Other (describe): 7. Ventriculo-peritoneal, ventriculo-atrial or ventriculo-pleural shunt? \(\pi\) No □ Yes □ Unknown II. Symptoms 1. Headache at time of ED evaluation? Pt. preverbal \bigcap No \longrightarrow skip to 2 ☐ Yes → answer 1a - 1d Pt. nonverbal □ Unknown (too young to (physically unable describe) to speak) 1a. Severity of headache: 1b. When did headache start? 1c. Location of headache: ☐ Mild (barely noticeable) ☐ Before head injury ☐ Diffuse ☐ Moderate ☐ Within 1 hr of event Only at site of injury ☐ Severe (intense) At occiput only and clearly due to backboard ☐ 1-4 hrs after event ☐ Unclear ☐ Unclear □ > 4 hrs after event Other (describe): __ Unknown 1d. History of frequent headaches prior to head injury (eg. migraine or other)? ☐ No → skip to 2 ☐ Yes → answer 1e ☐ Unclear 1e. If yes, is current headache different from prior, typical headaches? □ No □ Yes ☐ Unclear 2. **Vomiting** (at any time after injury)? No skip to 3 Unknown Yes — answer 2a, 2b and 2c 2a. How many episodes? 2b. When did vomiting start? 2c. When was the last episode of vomiting? ☐ Once ☐ Before head injury < 1 hr before your ED evaluation</p> ☐ Twice ☐ 1-4 hrs before your ED evaluation ☐ Within 1 hr of event □ >2 Times ☐ 1-4 hrs after event □ > 4 hrs before your ED evaluation ☐ Unknown > 4 hrs after event □ Unknown Unknown Pt. preverbal 3. **Dizziness** (at ED evaluation)? □ Yes □ Unknown П No Pt. nonverbal (too young to (physically unable describe) to speak) III. Mental Status 1. Is your evaluation being made after patient was **intubated**? ☐ No ☐ Yes 2. Is your evaluation being made after patient was pharmacologically paralyzed? □ No ☐ Yes 3. Is your evaluation being made after patient was pharmacologically sedated? ☐ No ☐ Yes 4. Current Glasgow Coma Score: (Circle one number in each column. For infants ≤ 2 years use the description in parentheses.) Eye Verbal Motor 5 Follow commands (spontaneous movement) Spontaneous 4 Oriented (coos/babbles) 6 Localizes pain (withdraws to touch) Verbal 3 Confused (irritable/cries) 4 5 Inappropriate words (cries to pain) Withdraws to pain Pain 2 3 4 Incomprehensible sounds (moans) 2 Abnormal flexure posturing 3 None Abnormal extension posturing None 2 5. Does patient have other signs of altered mental status? (check all that apply): □ None ☐ Slow to respond Agitated Repetitive questions in ED Sleepy

Other (describe):

		_	-	-	
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		-					
Site	Site ID # Study ID #						



IV.	Examination (Scalp/head incl	ludes the forehea	d, from above t	he eyebrows th	nrough the back of the head to occiput)	
1.	Palpable skull fracture?	☐ No	☐ Yes —	answer 1a	☐ Unclear exam (e.g. scalp swelling impedes	exam)
	1a. If yes, does the fracture feel do	epressed?	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ Unclear exam	
2.	Anterior fontanelle bulging?	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ Anterior	r fontanelle closed	
3.	Signs of basilar skull fracture?	☐ No	☐ Yes —	answer 3a		
	3a. If yes, check all that are preseHemotympanumCSF otorrhea	☐ CSF rhino	rrhea ecchymoses		Retroauricular ecchymoses (Battle's sign) s)	
4.	Raised scalp hematoma(s) or sw	velling(s)?	No 🗆	Yes → ar	nswer 4a, 4b and 4c	
	4a. If yes, location(s) involved: (ch	eck all that apply)	☐ Frontal ☐ Tempora	I	☐ Parietal ☐ Occipital	
	4b. If yes, size (diameter) of large	st hematoma o	r swelling:	Small (<1 cm, b	parely palpable) Medium (1-3 cm) Large (>3 cm)
	4c. If yes, quality of largest hemat	toma or swelling	g is:	Boggy / dep	ressable Firm / non-depressable	
5.	Any evidence of trauma (including above the clavicles (includes neck/fa		, hematoma)	□ No	☐ Yes → answer 5a	
	5a. If yes, what regions (check all t	_				
	☐ Face ☐ Neck	☐ Scalp-from		☐ Scalp-o	•	
6.	Neurological deficit (other than me	ental status)?	☐ No	☐ Yes —	→ answer 6a ☐ Unable to assess	
	6a. If yes, (check all that apply): Motor	☐ Reflexes				
	☐ Sensory ☐ Cranial Nerve (includes pupil react	Other de		ebellar, gait; pl	ease describe):	
7.	Clinical evidence of other (non-he intra-thoracic injuries and lacerations r			eludes but not l	imited to fractures, intra-abdominal injuries, ☐ Yes → answer 7a	
	7a. Injury to (check all that apply):					
	_ ′	a-abdominal			Other (describe):	
	☐ C-spine ☐ Pell ☐ Chest/back/flank ☐ Lac	vis eration requiring	g repair in the	operating roo	☐ Unable to fully assess om	
8.	Clinical suspicion for alcohol or di	ug intoxication	n (not by labo	ratory testing)? ☐ No ☐ Yes	

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V. Clinical Decision Making (If resident, NP or PA is completing this form, please confer with attending/fellow)
1. Is a head CT, skull x-ray or head MRI being ordered or obtained?
2. Suspicion for the presence of TBI on CT regardless of whether a CT is being ordered or obtained (intracranial hematoma, cerebral contusion, cerebral edema or depressed skull fracture; excludes isolated linear skull fracture) ☐ <1% ☐ 1-5% ☐ 6-10% ☐ 11-50% ☐ >50%
3. Suspicion for TBI in need of acute intervention regardless of whether a CT is being ordered or obtained (neurosurgical intervention, elevation of depressed skull fracture, intubation for TBI > 24 hrs, hospitalization for TBI ≥ 2 nights)
□ <1%
 Answer only if CT ordered or obtained: check those indications that are most important in influencing your decision to obtain a head CT for this child
☐ Young age ☐ Mechanism ☐ LOC ☐ Amnesia ☐ Seizure ☐ Headache ☐ Vomiting ☐ Decreased mental status ☐ Clinical evidence of skull fracture ☐ Scalp hematoma ☐ Neurological deficit (other than mental status) ☐ Parental anxiety / request ☐ Skull fracture on x-ray ☐ Trauma team request ☐ Referring MD request
Other (describe):
 5. Was patient given or will patient be given pharmacological sedation for head CT scan? ☐ No ☐ Yes → answer 5a ☐ No CT
5a. Why was sedation used or why is sedation going to be used for head CT (check all that apply)? ☐ Agitation / Inability to hold still ☐ Young age ☐ CT tech request ☐ Other (describe):
6. Was the data sheet completed before head CT, skull x-ray, or MRI reviewed (if obtained)?
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ No neuroimaging obtained
VI. General Information
Best Phone Number to Reach Guardian/Parent Alternate Phone Number Cell Work Pager
Date of Injury Unknown Time of Injury (24 hour clock, Midnight 00:00)
Date of ED Evaluation Unknown Time of ED Evaluation (on which above data are based) (24 hour clock, Midnight 00:00)
Date of Birth Unknown Gender Race (check all that apply, using your best assessment) Ethnicity Image: Month of Day
Guardian Principal Language ☐ English ☐ Russian ☐ Chinese ☐ Unknown ☐ Other (specify): ☐ Other (specify): ☐ Guardian Principal Language ☐ American Indian/Alaskan Native ☐ Pacific Islander ☐ Unknown ☐ Other

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VII. Course in ED (to be completed only for those patients for whom decision to obtain or not obtain CT was made after a period of observation after your initial ED evaluation.)						
1. Was the patient obser	ved in the ED after your initia	I ED evaluation to det	ermine whether to obtain he	ad CT?		
☐ No → skip to section VIII	☐ Yes→	answer 2 - 4				
2. Prior to CT or if no CT of	obtained, the patient's headacl	he:				
☐ Patient never had head ☐ Resolved without any a☐ Resolved with analgesi	nalgesia	same	☐ Can't assess - Pt preverbal☐ Did not reassess	or nonverbal		
3. Prior to CT or if no CT or Patient never vomited ☐ Resolved without meds ☐ Resolved with meds	□ Wors	nued (stayed the same)				
4. Prior to CT or if no CT of	btained, the patient's mental	status/GCS:				
☐ Patient never had GCS	< 15 Improved bu	t not to normal	Worsened			
☐ Improved to normal (G	CS 15) Stayed the s	ame	☐ Did not reassess			
VIII. ED Disposition	n					
	general inpatient hort-stay (< 24 hour) / observa	☐ ICU tion unit ☐ Death in E	☐ Transferred to D ☐ AMA Name o	f hospital		
Other (Describe):						
You	are now done - pleas	se place form in	locked box now.			

REMEMBER TO PROVIDE GUARDIAN WITH INFORMATION SHEET.

THANK YOU!!!

Complete this form: * For all patients for whom head CT, skull x-ray or head MRI was performed. Data Source: Radiology record, completed by HEDA RA	Patient Study ID Number Site ID # Study ID #	Imaging Dat
. ED Imaging (This section is only to during ED visit.)	be completed for patients for whom head CT, sk	ull x-ray or head MRI was performed
1. Head CT obtained during the patient's		Yes — answer 1a -1e
1a. Date and Time of Initial ED Head CT	T: (attach a copy of CT interpretation to data sheet)	
Date of Initial ED Head CT	<u>Time of Initial ED Head CT</u> (24 hour clock, midnight is 00:00)	
Month Day Year	Hour Minute	
1b. Initial ED Head CT Findings (check	all that apply)	
or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings or sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered norm. Limited quality (radiologist dictation states)	skull fractures: Note, head CT with isolated scalp injuries, e.g.	
1c. Any traumatic findings? (check all that a	apply)	
 No □ Cerebellar hemorrhage □ Cerebral contusion □ Cerebral edema □ Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hemorrhage 	Diastasis of the skull Epidural hematoma (EDH) Extra-axial hematoma Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) natoma Midline shift / Shift of brain structures	 □ Pneumocephalus □ Skull fracture □ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH) □ Subdural hematoma (SDH) □ Traumatic infarction
☐ Other traumatic finding (describe): ☐ Radiologist's finding(s) were equivoc	cal (e.g. described as "possible", "questionable", "unclear") (ne	eed site PI to clarify with radiologist)
1d. Any non-traumatic finding(s) on head	d CT? (does not include sinusitis or fluid in sinuses)	Yes → please summarize below
1e. Skull fracture present on head CT?	☐ No → skip to 2 ☐ Yes →	answer 1f Unknown
1f. If fracture: (check all that apply)	Linear ☐ Complex ☐ Depressed —	answer 1g and 1h Basilar
Other (describe):		
1g. If fracture depressed, was the inne	er table depressed by at least the thickness of the	entire bone?
□ No □ Yes □ Not s		
1h. If fracture depressed, how many m	nillimeters was the depression?	n ☐ Not stated

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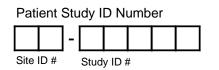
Note: If head CT positive (including a skull fracture), type radiologist "final impressions" verbatim into database.

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		-					
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2. Was a skull x-ray performed while patient in the ED? (attach copy of interpretation if performed)					
☐ No → skip to 3 ☐ Yes → answer 2a					
2a. Fracture on skull x-ray? No → skip to 3 Yes → answer 2b Equivocal findings (need site PI to clarify with radiology)	ogist)				
2b. If fracture: ☐ Linear ☐ Complex ☐ Depressed → answer 2c and 2d ☐ Basilar					
Other (describe):					
2c. If fracture depressed, was the inner table depressed by at least the thickness of the entire bone?					
☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not stated					
2d. If fracture depressed, how many millimeters was the depression?					
Note: If skull x-ray positive type radiologist "final impression" verbatim into database.					
3. Was a head MRI performed while patient in the ED? ☐ No → skip to section II ☐ Yes → answer 3a					
3a. ED MRI Findings (check all that apply)					
Normal (No intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head MRI with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) skip to section II					
Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head MRI with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal	l.				
Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) — answer 3b, 3c Limited quality (radiologist dictation states MRI is of limited quality due to motion or other artifact)					
Not interpretable (radiologist dictation states MRI is not interpretable due to motion or other artifact)					
3b. Any traumatic findings? (check all that apply)					
☐ No ☐ Diastasis of the skull ☐ Pneumocephalus					
☐ Cerebellar hemorrhage ☐ Epidural hematoma (EDH) ☐ Skull fracture					
☐ Cerebral contusion ☐ Extra-axial hematoma ☐ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SA) ☐ Cerebral edema ☐ Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) ☐ Subdural hematoma (SDH)	AH)				
☐ Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hematoma ☐ Midline shift / Shift of brain structures ☐ Traumatic infarction					
Other traumatic finding (describe):	_				
3c. Any non-traumatic finding(s) on head MRI? (not including sinusitis or fluid in sinuses) ☐ No ☐ Yes → please summarize to	below				

Note: If head MRI positive (including a skull fracture), type radiologist "final impressions" verbatim into database.



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II. Imaging While Hospitalized (only to be completed for patients hospitalized from ED visit)

 Was patient hospitalized after initial ED survey, trauma registry, CQI review or morg 	O visit (or initially discharged, but subsequently hospit gue review)?	talized as determined by follow-up
No → skip to section III	Yes answer 2	
2. Was a second head CT obtained after	the initial head CT? (If yes, attach a copy of the se	econd CT interpretation to this data sheet)
□ No → skip to 4	Yes — answer 2a and 2b	
	the rare hospitalized patient who did not receive is occurred by checking the following box. b) necking the following box.)	
2a. Date and Time of second CT:		
Date of Second CT	Time of Second CT (24 hour close	ck, Midnight 00:00)
/ /	l	
Month Day Year	Hour Minute	
2b. Second Head CT Findings (check	all that apply)	
sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered no Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings of Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is consider Limited quality (radiologist dictation stat	or skull fractures: Note, head CT with isolated scalp injuries,	
2c. Any traumatic findings? (check all that	at apply)	
 No → skip to 3 Cerebellar hemorrhage Cerebral contusion Cerebral edema Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hemorrhage / Other traumatic finding (describe): 	☐ Diastasis of the skull ☐ Epidural hematoma (EDH) ☐ Extra-axial hematoma ☐ Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) ematoma ☐ Midline shift / Shift of brain structure	☐ Pneumocephalus ☐ Skull fracture ☐ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH) ☐ Subdural hematoma (SDH) es ☐ Traumatic infarction
2d. Does radiologist state that, compa	ared to first CT, traumatic findings on second CT	(describe):
Decreased (describe):		
Increased (describe):		
New traumatic findings (describe):		
□ Does not say		

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3.	Was a third head CT obtained? (If yes, attach a copy of the third CT interpretation to this data sheet)
	No → skip to 4 Yes → answer 3a and 3b
	3a. Date and Time of third CT:
	<u>Date of Third CT</u> (24 hour clock, Midnight 00:00)
	Month Day Year Hour Minute
	3b. Third Head CT Findings (check all that apply)
	Normal (No intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head CT with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) skip to 4
	Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head CT with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) answer 3c
	Limited quality (radiologist dictation states CT is of limited quality due to motion or other artifact) Not interpretable (radiologist dictation states CT is not interpretable due to motion or other artifact)
	3c. Any traumatic findings? (check all that apply)
	□ No→ skip to 4 □ Diastasis of the skull □ Pneumocephalus
	☐ Cerebellar hemorrhage ☐ Epidural hematoma (EDH) ☐ Skull fracture ☐ Cerebral contusion ☐ Extra-axial hematoma ☐ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH)
	☐ Cerebral contusion ☐ Extra-axial hematoma ☐ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH) ☐ Cerebral edema ☐ Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) ☐ Subdural hematoma (SDH)
	☐ Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hematoma ☐ Midline shift / Shift of brain structures ☐ Traumatic infarction
	Other traumatic finding (describe):
	3d. Does radiologist state that, compared to second CT, traumatic findings on third CT (describe):
	Decreased (describe):
	☐ Increased (describe):
	Did not change (describe):
	New traumatic findings (describe):
	☐ Does not say
4.	Was a head MRI performed while patient hospitalized? (If yes, attach copy of interpretation)
	No → form complete
	4a. Date and Time of MRI:
	<u>Date of MRI</u> (24 hour clock, Midnight 00:00)
	Month Day Year Hour Minute
	4b. MRI Findings (check all that apply)
	Normal (No intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head MRI with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also,
	sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal) — form complete Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head MRI with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal.
	Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) —— answer 4c
	Limited quality (radiologist dictation states MRI is of limited quality due to motion or other artifact) Not interpretable (radiologist dictation states MRI is not interpretable due to motion or other artifact)
	4c. Any traumatic findings? (check all that apply)
	□ No □ Diastasis of the skull □ Pneumocephalus
	☐ Cerebellar hemorrhage ☐ Epidural hematoma (EDH) ☐ Skull fracture
	□ Cerebral contusion □ Extra-axial hematoma □ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH □ Cerebral edema □ Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) □ Subdural hematoma (SDH)
	Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hematoma Midline shift / Shift of brain structures Traumatic infarction

Other traumatic finding (describe):_

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III. Imaging as Outpatient (This section is only to be completed on patients discharged from ED, for whom follow-up survey, trauma registry, CQI review or morgue review, indicates that patient returned to a health care facility and a head CT, skull xray or head MRI was performed.)

 1. Was patient discharged to home from ED, than returned to any facility and received a head CT, skull x-ray, or head MRI? ☐ No → form complete ☐ Yes → answer 2 	
2. Head CT obtained? ☐ No → skip to 3 ☐ Yes → answer 2a, 2b	
2a. Date and Time of Head CT: (attach a copy of CT interpretation to data sheet) Date of Head CT Time of Head CT (24 hour clock, midnight is 00:00)	
2b. Head CT Findings (check all that apply) Normal (No intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head CT with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) → skip to 3 Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head CT with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) → answer 2c - 2e Limited quality (radiologist dictation states CT is of limited quality due to motion or other artifact) Not interpretable (radiologist dictation states CT is not interpretable due to motion or other artifact)	
2c. Any traumatic findings? (check all that apply) No Diastasis of the skull Pneumocephalus Cerebellar hemorrhage Epidural hematoma (EDH) Skull fracture Cerebral contusion Extra-axial hematoma Subarachnoid hemorrhage (Screbral edema Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) Subdural hematoma (SDH) Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hematoma Midline shift / Shift of brain structures Traumatic infarction Other traumatic finding (describe): Radiologist's finding(s) were equivocal (e.g. described as "possible", "questionable", "unclear") (need site PI to clarify with radiologist)	AH) —
2d. Any non-traumatic findings on head CT? (does not include sinusitis or fluid in sinuses) ☐ No ☐ Yes → please summarize belo	υW
2e. Skull fracture present on head CT? ☐ No → skip to 3 ☐ Yes → answer 2f ☐ Unknown 2f. If fracture: (check all that apply) ☐ Linear ☐ Complex ☐ Depressed → answer 2g and 2h ☐ Basilar ☐ Other (describe):	-
2g. If fracture depressed , was the inner table depressed by at least the thickness of the entire bone? No Yes Not stated 2h. If fracture depressed , how many millimeters was the depression?	

Note: If head CT positive (including a skull fracture), type radiologist "final impressions" verbatim into database.

Site ID # Study ID #	
3. Was a skull x-ray performed at the return visit? (attach copy of interpretation if performed)	
□ No → skip to 4 □ Yes → answer 3a	
3a. Fracture on skull x-ray? ☐ No → skip to 4 ☐ Yes → answer 3b ☐ Equivocal findings (need site PI to clarify with radiology	gist)
3b. If fracture: ☐ Linear ☐ Complex ☐ Depressed → answer 3c and 3d ☐ Basilar	
Other (describe):	
3c. If fracture depressed, was the inner table depressed by at least the thickness of the entire bone?	
☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not stated	
3d. If fracture depressed, how many millimeters was the depression?	
Note: If Skull x-ray positive type radiologist "final impression" verbatim into database.	
4. Was a head MRI performed at the return visit? ☐ No → form complete ☐ Yes → answer 4a	
4a. MRI Findings (check all that apply)	
Normal (No intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head MRI with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal. Also, sinusitis or fluid in sinuses is considered normal.) — form complete	
Abnormal (Includes intracranial findings or skull fractures: Note, head MRI with isolated scalp injuries, e.g. scalp hematoma, is considered normal.) answer 4b, 4c	
Limited quality (radiologist dictation states MRI is of limited quality due to motion or other artifact)	
Not interpretable (radiologist dictation states MRI is not interpretable due to motion or other artifact)	
4b. Any traumatic findings? (does not include sinusitis of fluid in sinuses) (check all that apply)	
☐ No ☐ Diastasis of the skull ☐ Pneumocephalus	
☐ Cerebellar hemorrhage ☐ Epidural hematoma (EDH) ☐ Skull fracture	
☐ Cerebral contusion ☐ Extra-axial hematoma ☐ Subarachnoid hemorrhage (SA	۱H)
☐ Cerebral edema ☐ Intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) ☐ Subdural hematoma (SDH) ☐ Cerebral hemorrhage / Intracerebral hematoma ☐ Midline shift / Shift of brain structures ☐ Traumatic infarction	
Other traumatic finding (describe):	_
4c. Any non-traumatic finding(s) on head MRI? ☐ No ☐ Yes → please summarize below	

Patient Study ID Number

Form 4

Imaging Data

Version 5/28/2004

Note: If head MRI positive (including a skull fracture), type radiologist "final impressions" verbatim into database.

THANK YOU!!! FORM IS NOW COMPLETE

Complete this form (for hospitalized patients only) *Masked to all other CRFs and ED record *After hospital discharge or up to 14 days after admission if patient still hospitalized Data Source: Medical and radiology record,
completed by HEDA RA Page 1 of 1
1. Neurosurgical procedure performed? ☐ No → skip to 2 ☐ Yes → answer 1a
1a. If yes, check all that apply: Dura repair for CSF leak Intracranial pressure (ICP) monitor Tissue debridement Fracture elevation Lobectomy Ventriculostomy Hematoma drained Other (describe):
2. Patient intubated? ☐ No → skip to 3 ☐ Yes → answer 2a and 2b
2a. If intubated, was the intubation > 24 hours? ☐ No ☐ Yes → answer 2b
2b. If intubated > 24 hrs, was the intubation for head trauma? ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unsure → ask site PI
3. Hospitalized two or more nights (From ED triage time until the time of discharge from hospital, with night definition before 00:00)? ☐ No ☐ Yes → answer 3a
3a. Hospitalized ≥ 2 nights for head injury? □ No □ Yes □ Unsure → ask site PI (If site PI unsure, refer to Nodal Champion for review.) Note for RA's: If hospitalized for multiple injuries, site PI's best assessment of whether head injury required ≥ 2 nights stay
4. Death in hospital? ☐ No ☐ Yes → answer 4a
4a. If yes , death due to TBI? ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ Unsure → ask site PI (If site PI unsure, refer to Nodal Champion for review.)
5. Other documented substantial injuries (check all that apply): (includes but not limited to fractures, intra-abdominal injuries, and intra-thoracic injuries)
☐ None (isolated head injury) ☐ Extremity ☐ CSpine / spinal Cord ☐ Chest/back/flank ☐ Intra-abdominal ☐ Pelvis
Other (describe):
6. Answer only if patient had post traumatic seizure (indicated on CRF 1, pg. 2, question #4), otherwise skip to 7.
If post traumatic seizure, did patient have another seizure within first 7 days of hospitalization?
7. Discharged/Transferred to: (check all that apply): Home Rehab/chronic care facility Another acute care facility Patient died Note: If transferred to another acute care facility, you will need to obtain and review the medical record from the other acute care facility to determine outcomes.
Date of ED Triage Time of ED Triage
Month Day Year Not documented Hour Minute Not documented
<u>Date of Hospital Discharge or Transfer</u> <u>Time of Hospital Discharge or Transfer</u>
Month Day Year Not documented Hour Minute Not documented
<u>Date of Death</u> (if patient died) <u>Time of Death</u> (if patient died)
Month Day Year Not documented Hour Minute Not documented
8. ICD-9 codes upon discharge (If ICD-9 codes not available, list top 10 discharge diagnoses)
1. 6. 6. C
2. 7. 7.
3. 8. 8.
4.
5. 10.

Complete this form: * From chart review of a random 5% of hospitalized patients Data Source: Medical record, completed by HEDA PI Evaluator Name: (Please print name)	Patient Study ID Number Site ID # Study ID #	Version 5/28/2004 Form 7 Injury in Need of Intervention (Kappa) Page 1 of 1
Date of ED Evaluation Month Day Year	Date of Form Compl Month Day	etion Year
For Hospitalized Patients Only: 1. Neurosurgical procedure performed?	☐ No → skip to 2 ☐ Yes —	
1a. If yes, check all that apply: Dura repair for CSF leak Fracture elevation Hematoma drained Other (describe):	 No → skip to 2 Yes → Intracranial pressure (ICP) monitor Lobectomy 	☐ Tissue debridement ☐ Ventriculostomy
2. Patient intubated?	No → skip to 3	answer 2a and 2b
2a. If intubated, was the intubation > 24	hours? No Yes—	answer 2b
2b. If intubated > 24 hrs, was the intuba	ation for head trauma?	∕es ☐ Unsure
 Hospitalized two or more nights (From Elements) Hospitalized ≥ 2 nights for head injured 	D triage time until the time of discharge from hosp ☐ No ☐ Yes → answ ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐	•
4. Death in hospital?	☐ Yes → answer 4a	

4a. If yes, death due to TBI?

☐ No

☐ Yes

☐ Unsure